

Part VI: Summary of the risk management plan

Summary of risk management plan for Eltrombopag

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Eltrombopag. The RMP details important risks of Eltrombopag, how these risks can be minimised, and how more information will be obtained about Eltrombopag's risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Eltrombopag's summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how Eltrombopag should be used.

Important new concerns or changes to the current ones will be included in updates of Eltrombopag's RMP.

I. The medicine and what it is used for

Eltrombopag is authorised

- For the treatment of adult patients with primary immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who are refractory to other treatments (*e.g.* corticosteroids, immunoglobulins).
- For the treatment of paediatric patients aged 1 year and above with primary immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) lasting 6 months or longer from diagnosis and who are refractory to other treatments (*e.g.* corticosteroids, immunoglobulins).
- In adult patients with chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection for the treatment of thrombocytopenia, where the degree of thrombocytopenia is the main factor preventing the initiation or limiting the ability to maintain optimal interferon-based therapy.
- In adult patients with acquired severe aplastic anaemia (SAA) who were either refractory to prior immunosuppressive therapy or heavily pre-treated and are unsuitable for haematopoietic stem cell transplantation.

It contains eltrombopag as the active substance and it is given by oral route of administration.

II. Risks associated with the medicine and activities to minimise or further characterise the risks

Important risks of Eltrombopag, together with measures to minimise such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about Eltrombopag's risks, are outlined below.

Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size - the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status - the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (*e.g.* with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute routine risk minimisation measures.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse reactions is collected continuously and regularly analysed, so that immediate action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute routine pharmacovigilance activities.

If important information that may affect the safe use of Eltrombopag is not yet available, it is listed under 'missing information' below.

II.A List of important risks and missing information

Important risks of Eltrombopag are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely taken. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Eltrombopag. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (*e.g.* on the long-term use of the medicine).

| List of important risks and missing information | |
|--|---|
| Important identified risks | <p>Adult ITP, paediatric ITP, HCV-associated thrombocytopenia and severe aplastic anaemia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatotoxicity • Thromboembolic events <p>HCV-associated thrombocytopenia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatic decompensation |
| Important potential risks | <p>Adult ITP, paediatric ITP, and HCV-associated thrombocytopenia and severe aplastic anaemia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Haematological malignancies • Increased bone marrow reticulin formation |

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| | Severe aplastic anaemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cytogenetic abnormalities |
| Missing information | Adult ITP, paediatric ITP, and HCV-associated thrombocytopenia and severe aplastic anaemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patients with hepatic impairment Severe aplastic anaemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use in paediatric population |

ITP: Immune thrombocytopenia (also known as Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura or Immune thrombocytopenic purpura), **HCV:** Hepatitis C virus.

II.B Summary of important risks

The safety information in the proposed Product Information is aligned to the reference medicinal product.

II.C Post-authorisation development plan

II.C.1 Studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of the applicant's Eltrombopag.

II.C.2 Other studies in post-authorisation development plan

There are no studies required for the applicant's Eltrombopag.